NSPIRE for Housing Choice Voucher PowerPoints Day 1

July 2025

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How HUD Communicates

- HUD home page:
 - www.hud.gov
- HUDCLIPS:
 - www.hud.gov/guidance
 - Handbooks, notices, forms, etc.
- NSPIRE home page:
 - https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/public_ indian_housing/reac/nspire

















The Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) Contract

- Form HUD 52641
- Executed between PHA and owner
- Specifies rights and responsibilities of the owner and PHA
- Includes inspection checklist

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NSPIRE Mission

 To ensure that all residents live in safe, habitable dwellings, the items and components located inside the building, outside the building, and within the units of HUD housing must be functionally adequate, operable, and free of health and safety hazards



Who provided input?

- Industry experts
- Third-party vendors
- HUD REAC
- Healthy Homes
- PHAs
- O/As





How were standards developed?

- Deficiency rationales were used to create standards
 - Each deficiency has a clearly expressed and well-supported statement that explains why that deficiency is being inspected
 - Describes the potential impact if the issue were present at a property
 - The "why" of the standard

Rationales – Resident Focus		
Code	Category	Description
R1	Health	Condition could affect resident's mental, or physical, or psychological state.
R2	Safety	Resident could be injured because of this condition.
R3	Sanitary	Special sub-set of health hazards related to hygiene. Resident cannot clean or dispose of waste or does not have clean drinking water.
R4	Security	Resident cannot control access to unit or property because of this condition.
R5	Privacy	Condition limits the resident's reasonable expectation of privacy in their dwelling.
R6	Usability or Operability of Fixtures	Because of this condition, the resident is unable to use certain fixtures, features, or appliances, which are reasonably assumed to be part of their rent.
R7	Increased Monetary Impact to Resident	Resident would incur additional costs because of this condition.

Rationales – Property Focus		
Code	Category	Description
M1	Corrective Maintenance	It is reasonable to expect a tenant to report this deficiency, and for facilities management to prioritize a work order response to fix that deficiency.
M2	Routine Maintenance	It is reasonable to expect that this deficiency would be identified through routine daily observations and facilities management would prioritize work orders to fix this deficiency.
M3	Preventative Maintenance	This defect indicates that a property is not following preventative maintenance practices for the item or equipment. *This only applies to items that would normally have preventive maintenance plans.
M4	Capital Cost	This defect, on its own, is significant enough to be a capital cost to repair.
M5	Increased Monetary Impact on HUD	HUD would incur additional costs due to this condition (e.g., such as energy inefficiency).
M6	Structural	This condition indicates potential structural failure of the building or a loadbearing component *May be linked to safety depending on location.
PP1	Market Appeal	If this defect occurs, HUD or the property would suffer reputational harm.



NSPIRE-V Timeline

- PHAs that wish to continue using HQS on or after October 1, 2024, must notify HUD via email. PHAs must indicate the date on which they plan to transition to NSPIRE-V.
 - This date may be no later than October 1, 2025.
- PHAs that opt to retain HQS can continue to utilize current HQS guidance, including HUD forms 52580 and 52580-A.



NSPIRE-V Timeline

 Regardless of which inspection standard is used, PHAs must include compliance with the carbon monoxide device requirements required by Congress as of December 2022.

NSPIRE-V Administrative Notice

- On September 29, 2023, HUD issued Notice PIH-2023-28, NSPIRE Administrative Procedures for the Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) Programs
 - It replaces all HQS guidance previously issued by HUD
 - HUD will issue updates to HCV guidance materials for NSPIRE later this year

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NSPIRE-V Administrative Notice

- PHAs that will implement NSPIRE-V on or after October 1, 2023, need to be in communication with their landlords and families regarding the upcoming changes to the inspection standards.
- PHAs must also ensure that inspectors are trained on NSPIRE-V and any new software or tools they will utilize.

































Initial Inspections PHAs are required to inspect units before they become a part of the HCV program Each unit is inspected prior to execution of the assisted lease and HAP contract Unless HOTMA provision adopted Should be conducted within 15 days of inspection request

Owner Disapproval

 Under the HCV regulations, the PHA may disapprove an owner that has a history of noncompliance with inspections requirements or a practice of renting units that fail to meet state or local housing codes

Actions After Initial Inspection

- The PHA notifies the family and the owner of the results of the initial inspection
 - If the unit meets NSPIRE-V standards, the PHA continues the unit and owner approval process
 - If the unit fails, the owner and family are notified, and deficiencies must be corrected prior to the unit being approved

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Biennial and Annual Inspections

- Inspections conducted for all units not less than biennially (every 24 months)
 - Must still conduct complaint inspections
 - May still perform annual inspections
 - May perform a mix of annual and biennial
 - For reasons related to owner's record compliance

Alternative Inspections

- May rely on alternative inspection methods
 - LIHTC, HOME or performed by HUD REAC
 - PHA identifies method in admin plan
 - Other inspection methods
 PHA must first get HUD approval
- After a PHA implements NSPIRE-V, previous alternative inspection methods approved by HUD must be re-analyzed by the PHA against NSPIRE-V standards and resubmitted to HUD for review and approval.






 Notify family and owner of results in writing and specify time period for corrections

Reinspection/Verification

- Reinspection or PHA verification that all deficiencies (failed and inconclusive) have been corrected is required
 - May accept owner self certification or photos
 - May tie to severity of correction or experience with owner
 - Should include verification process in admin plan

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- Optional: PHA may establish a reasonable fee for reinspections in two situations:
 - Owner notifies PHA that a repair was made and subsequent reinspection shows it wasn't
 - Allotted time period for repair has lapsed and reinspection shows repair was not made
 - Regardless of whether the owner said it was or not









 Interior components of an individual dwelling where the resident lives



Unit Examples HVAC (where individual units provided) Balcony Bathroom Kitchen Call-for-aid Lighting Carbon monoxide devices Outlets Smoke alarms Ceiling Stairs Doors Switches Electrical systems Walls Enclosed patios Water heater Floors Windows

Inside Definition

 Common areas and building systems within the building interior and are not inside a unit



Inside Examples Basements Halls Corridors Interior or attached garages Stairs Enclosed carports Shared kitchens Restrooms Laundry rooms Closets Offices Utility rooms Enclosed porches, Mechanical rooms patios, and balconies, Trash collection areas Community rooms Day care rooms

Outside Definition

 Building site, building exterior components, and any building systems located outside of the building or unit



Outside Examples Fencing Driveways Retaining walls Play areas and equipment Grounds Refuse disposal Lighting Storm draining Mailboxes Non-dwelling Project signs buildings Parking lots Walkways Detached garages or carports

NSPIRE-V Standards

 NSPIRE-V standards only apply to units occupied or to be occupied by HCV participants and the common areas and exterior areas which either service or are associated with the unit

Inspectable Areas in the Standards

- Each standard identifies the inspectable area(s) where the standard is located
 - Some standards are only applicable to one inspectable area
 - Typically, most standards are applicable to multiple areas

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	NATIONAL STANDARDS FOR THE PHYSICAL INSPECTION OF REAL ESTATE
TITLE:	ADDRESS AND SIGNAGE
VERSION:	Y2.2
DATE PUBLISHED:	06/23/22
DEFINITION: PURPOSE: COMMON COMPONENTS:	Unique number and name identifiers assigned to the property. Anise identifying and locating the property. Arabic numerals; Aphanecal Information, Protective enclosures; Lighting component
LOCATION:	Unit Non Inside Non
	Outside fear building entrances (either above or alongside the entrance or on a nearby post) and road entrances where the property's private road meets a public road.
MORE INFORMATION:	None
DEFICIENCY 1:	Address, signage, or building identification codes are broken, illegible, or not visible. 🖂 Outside







Life-Threatening Definition

 Deficiencies that, if evident in the home or on the property, present a high risk of death or sever illness or injury to the resident















It does not pause for non-working hours, including the weekend



HOTMA Life-Threatening List

- If a PHA wishes to include additional LT deficiencies beyond the HOTMA LT List, they would need to be identified and adopted as LT into the PHA's admin plan.
- Any HUD-approved acceptability criteria variations that the PHA would like to identify as LT under NSPIRE-V, will also need to be identified and adopted as LT into the PHA's admin plan.





PM Wed Sep 28		.nii 5G x 48% 🗩	Electrical - GFCI or AFCI Outlet or Breake
	Inside Inspection	Submit All	
sessment Viewer		~	Electrical - GFCI or AFCI Outlet or Breaker
iessable Record: A-074170 ignment Manager: AM-1457 09-2	7-2022		
nside Standards			AFCI breaker
(1/51) 2% Completed	•		AFCI outlet
NOD OD NA			GFCI breaker
12. Egress *			G GFCI outlet
NOD OD NA			Grei bullet
13. Electrical - Conductor *			
NOD OD NA			
14. Electrical - GFCI or AFCI Ou	itlet or Breaker * 📵		
NOD OD NA	•		
15. Electrical - Outlet and Swite	h *		
NOD OD NA			
16. Electrical - Service Panel *			
NOD OD NA			
17. Elevator *			Cancel Next

GFCI outlet	Corrective Timeframe
Test or reset button is inoperable	24 hours 🗸 📿
V lest of leser buttor is inoperable	
	Image
	* This field is required
	Add Image
	Comment
	Does not test Room Inside
	Garage
	Cancel Previous
Cancel Previous Next	Record Deficiency







State and Local Codes

- State and local code compliance is not part of the determination of whether a unit passes the standards for the condition of HUD housing under this section for the HCV and PBV programs
- However, PHAs have the ability to consider variations in local laws and practices and provide appropriate flexibility to facilitate the efficient provision of assistance



Acceptability Criteria Variations

- NSPIRE will no longer allow for the use of unvented, fuel-burning space heaters because of the risk of carbon monoxide exposure.
- For PHAs that continue to use HQS on or after October 1, 2023, and currently have a HUDapproved variation allowing the PHA to approve the use of unvented, fuel-burning space heaters, this approval will be rescinded effective January 1, 2024.



Acceptability Criteria Variations

- Any approved variations must be added to the PHA's admin plan.
- If the PHA is denied the use of a variation, the PHA must revise its inspection protocol to meet the NSPIRE-V standards before October 1, 2024.













U.S. Department of Housing and Urbai				•	bout Us Wh	at We Do Search Q
1H Home About PIH Public Housing	Housing Choice Vo	uchers Indian Hou	ising Real Es	tate Assessment	Center More	
Home / Program Offices / Public and Indiar Standards	Housing / Real Estat	e Assessment Center	(REAC) / Nations	al Standards for	the Physical Insy	pection of Real Estate (NSPIRE) / NSPIRE
NSPIRE STANDARDS						NGDIRE
HUD Seeks Stakeholder Feedbo	ick on Standard	ds				
Following intensive review and revision, H					this release	
focus on technical accuracy, relevance, and	clarity. We welcome :	your comments on all	aspects of the s	tandards.		Explore NSPIRE
 Standards Update Current Standards 						* NSPIRE Official Notices
 How to Navigate NSPIRE Standards 						 NSPIRE Mission and Vision
Related Links						NSPIRE Answers
Standards Update						* NSPIRE Concept
HUD published the Proposed National St June 16, 2022. The public comment peri						 NSPIRE Inspection Types
Register following HUD's review and adju			i standards will	be published in	the rederat	• NSPIRE Inspectable Areas
						NSPIRE Deficiency Categories
Current Standards						• NSPIRE Deficiency Rationales
STANDARDS	Version	Last Updated	Inspectable	e area(s) standa	rd applies to:	NSPIRE Terms and Definitions
			Unit	Inside	Outside	• NSPIRE Demonstration Notice
Address and Signage Standard	2.2	06-23-2022			Y	• Voluntary Demonstration
Bathtub and Shower Standard	2.2	06-23-2022	Y	Y		Registration
Cabinets Standard	2.2	06-23-2022	Y	Y		Demonstration Property Selections
Call-for-Aid System Standard	2.2	06-23-2022	Y	Y		• NSPIRE Demonstration
Carbon Monoxide Alarm Standard	2.2	06-23-2022	Y	Y		Resident Engagement Initiative
Ceiling Standard	2.2	06-23-2022	Y	Y		NSPIRE Stories NSPIRE News and Events



Front Matt	er	
ASPI		NATIONAL STANDARDS FOR THE PHYSICAL INSPECTION OF REAL ESTATE
TITLE:	ADDRESS AND	IGNAGE
VERSION:	V3.0	
DATE PUBLISHED:	06/20/23	
DEFINITION:	Unique number ar	I name identifiers assigned to the property.
PURPOSE:	Assist in identifyin	and locating the property.
COMMON COMPONENTS:	Arabic numerals; A	phabetical letters; Frame; Mounting; Protective enclosures; Lighting component
LOCATION:	Unit Unit	None
	Inside	None
	Outside	Near building entrances (either above or alongiide the entrance or on a nearby post) and road entrances where the property's private road meets a public road.
MORE INFORMATION:	None	
	ldress, signage, or b] Outside	ilding identification codes are broken, illegible, or not visible.

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TITLE: ADDRESS AND SIGNAGE VERSION: V3.0 DATE PUBLISHED: 06/20/23 • on a nearby post) and road entrances where the property's private road meets a public road. MORE INFORMATION: None DEFICENCY 1: Address, signage, or building identification codes are broken, illegible, or not visible.	U.S. DEPART		INSPECTION OF REAL ESTATE	
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		TITLE:	ADDRES	SS AND SIGNA	GE		
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		MORE INFORMATION:	None				
			Address, sign 🛛 Outside		identification codes are broken, illegible, or not visible.		

	NSPI		NATIONAL STANDARDS FOR THE PHYSICAL INSPECTION OF REAL ESTATE
	TITLE: VERSION: DATE PUBLISHED:	ADDRESS AND V3.0 06/20/23) SIGNAGE
LOCATION:		Unit	None
		Inside	None
	\boxtimes	Outside	Near building entrances (either above or alongside the entrance or on a nearby post) and road entrances where the property's private road meets a public road.
MORE INFORMAT	ION: None		

	NSPI		NATIONAL STANDARDS FOR THE PHYSICAL INSPECTION OF REAL ESTATE
	TITLE:	ADDRESS AND SIG	NAGE
	VERSION:	V3.0	
	DATE PUBLISHED:	06/20/23	
	DEFINITION:	Unique number and n	name identifiers assigned to the property.
	PURPOSE:	Assist in identifying ar	nd locating the property.
	COMMON COMPONENTS:	Arabic numerals; Alpha	abetical letters; Frame; Mounting: Protective enclosures; Lighting component
	LOCATION:	🗌 Unit	None
		Inside	None
EFICIENCY	I: Adv	dress signage	or building identification codes are broken, illegible, or not visible.
OCATION:] Outside	or bonoing formation cours are broken, megane, or not fision.
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ACTOR: • Approach the entrance to the building from the main street, road, or parking area.	OBSE RNATION:	- Look at indivi	
	REQUEST FOR HELP:	- None	
	ACTION:	- Approach the	entrance to the building from the main street, road, or parking area.
	MORE INFORMATION:		

2. Deficiencies	S
NSPIR	NATIONAL STANDARDS FOR THE PHYSICAL INSPECTION OF REAL ESTATE
Deficiency I — Outside:	ADDRESS, SIGNAGE, OR BUILDING IDENTIFICATION CODES ARE BROKEN, ILLEGIBLE, OR NOT VISIBLE.
DEFICIENCY CRITERIA:	Address or building identification codes are broken, illegible, or not visible.
	nare nong-taxing average nearm energy, or start the physical security or sarecy or a resident or their property could be compromised.
CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:	30 days
HCV PASS / FAIL: HCV Correction Timeframe:	fail 30 days
INSPECTION PROCESS:	
Obse exention:	 Look at the property and locate any signage or address. Look at individual buildings on the property and locate any signage or building identification codes identifying the building.
REQUEST FOR HELP:	- None
ACTION:	- Approach the entrance to the building from the main street, road, or parking area.
More Information:	- None

2. Defi	iciencies	5	
	NSPIN	NATIONAL STANDARDS FOR THE PHYSICAL INSPECTION OF REAL ESTATE	
	Deficiency I — Outside:	Address, signage, or building identification codes are broken, illegible, or not visible.	
	DEFICIENCY CRITERIA:	Address or building identification codes are broken, illegible, or not visible.	
Health and Safety Dete	ERMINATION: Moderate	The Moderate Health and Safety category includes deficiencies that, if evident in th on the property, present a moderate risk of an adverse medical event requiring a visit; cause temporary harm; or if left untreated, cause or worsen a chronic condition have long-lasting adverse health effects; or that the physical security or safety of a their property could be compromised.	healthcare n that may
CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:	30 days		
HCV PASS / FAIL:	Fail		
HCV CORRECTION TIMEFRA	AME: 30 days		
	Request for Help: Action: More Information:	- None - Rone - Approach the entrance to the building from the main street, road, or parking area. - Rone	



NSP		NATIONAL STANDARDS	FOR THE PHYSICAL INSPEC	TION OF REAL ESTATE
		SUMMARY OF CHANGES		
TITLE: Version: Date published	¥2.2	ND SIGNAGE		
Fea		Change	VERSION	Date
		Abbreviated published version	¥2.2	2022-06-23
		Renoved fram published version		
		Removed fram published version		
		Renowd fran published version Renowed fran published version		
Deficiency I	nos a cappien.	recover a con pares rea version	12.2	2022-06-23
	nd Safety Determination	Relabeled from "Standard" to "Moderate"		man
		(opy edits	¥2.1	2021-04-02
Deficiency I			¥2.0	2020-10-28
Health a	d Safety Determination	Added standardized description		
HCVPa	/Fail	Field added; response input as "Fail"		
Overall Formattin		Complete rework of document format and layout	¥I.3	2020-07-31
Definition		Revised definition	¥1.3	2020-07-31
Purpose		Field added	¥1.3	2020-07-31













- New regulation at 24 CFR 5.703
- What is an affirmative requirement?
 - Basic requirements for an assisted unit and property that must be met for participation
 - Minimum requirements for habitability







Standard Affirmative Requirement 1. Electrical – GFCI or AFCI – Outlet or Breaker Outlets within 6 feet of a water source must be GFCI protected 2. Guardrail Must have a guardrail when there is an elevated walking surface with a drop off of 30 inches or greater measured vertically	Outside Affirmatives					
 Outlet or Breaker must be GFCI protected 2. Guardrail Must have a guardrail when there is an elevated walking surface with a drop off of 30 inches or greater measured 	Affirmative Requirement					
elevated walking surface with a drop off of 30 inches or greater measured						
	elevated walking surface with a drop off of 30 inches or greater measured					
	vertically					


Standard Affirmative Requirement		
1. Carbon Monoxide Alarm	Must meet or exceed the carbon monoxide detection standards set by HUD	
 Electrical – GFCI or AFCI – Outlet or Breaker 	Any outlet installed within 6 feet of a water source must be protected	
3. Guardrail	Must have a guardrail when there is an elevated walking surface with a drop off of 30 inches or greater measured vertically	

Standard	Affirmative Requirement
4. HVAC	May not contain unvented space heaters that burn gas, oil, or kerosene
5. HVAC	Must have operable permanently installed heating source from October 1 through March 31.

Standard	Affirmative Requirement
5. Lighting – Interior	Must have permanently mounted light fixture in any kitchens and each bathroom
7. Smoke Alarm	Must include at least one battery- operated or hard-wired smoke alarm, in proper working condition, on each level of the property



Unit Affirmatives							
Standard Affirmative Requirement				Standard		Affirmative Requirement	
1.	Bathtub and Shower	 Include its own bathroom or sanitary facility that is in proper operating condition and usable in privacy Must contain a sink, a bathtub or shower, and an interior flushable toilet 					
2.	Cabinet and Storage	Must have food storage space					
3.	Carbon Monoxide Alarm	Meet or exceed the carbon monoxide detection standards set by HUD					

Unit Affirmatives		
	Standard	Affirmative Requirement
4.	Cooking Appliance	Must have a cooking appliance
5.	Electrical – GFCI or AFCI – Outlet or Breaker	Outlets within 6 feet of a water source must be GFCI protected
6.	Food Preparation Area	Must have adequate food preparation area
7.	Guardrail	Must have a guardrail when there is an elevated walking surface with a drop off of 30 inches or greater measured vertically

	Standard	Affirmative Requirement
8.	HVAC	For certain climate zones, must have operable permanently installed heating source
9.	HVAC	May not contain unvented space heaters that burn gas, oil, or kerosene
10.	Lighting – Interior	Must have permanently mounted light fixture in any kitchens and each bathroom

Standard Affirmative Requirement				
11.	Minimum Electrical and Lighting	Must have at least 2 working outlets or 1 working outlet and 1 permanently installed light fixture within each habitable room		
12.	Refrigerator	Must have a refrigerator		
13.	Sink	Must have hot and cold running water in both the bathroom and kitchen Including an adequate source of safe drinking water in the bathroom and kitchen		



Standard Affirmative Requirement		
	Affirmative Requirement	
14. Sink	Must be present within the primary kitchen	
15. Toilet	Must have adequate privacy	
16. Smoke Alarm	 Include at least one battery-operated or hard-wired smoke alarm, in proper working condition, in the following locations: On each level of the unit; Inside each bedroom; Within 21 feet of any door to a bedroom measured along a path of travel; and 	







Addres	s and Signage
Definition:	Unique number and name identifiers assigned to property.
Common	Arabic numerals; Alphabetical letters;
Components:	Frame; Mounting; Protective
	enclosures; Lighting component
More Information:	None

Deficiency		e, or building identification codes gible, or not visible.
Deficiency	Criteria:	
Outside:	Address or building ide illegible, or not visible.	entification codes are broken,
H&S Deter	mination:	Correction Timeframe:
Outside:	Moderate / Fail	Outside: 30 days
More Info	mation:	
Outside:	None	







Bathtu	b and Shower
Definition:	Fixtures typically found in bathrooms that dispense clean water used for bathing and self-care which also contain a method for draining used water.
Common Components:	Bathtub; Bathtub decorative side panel; Shower; Tub or shower valve; Shower head; Faucet; Drain; Mechanical water stopper; Drain cover; Diverter valve; Glass door; Enclosure



Deficiency	1: Only 1 bathtub or inoperable or doe		esent and it is
Deficiency	^v Criteria:		
Unit:	Only 1 bathtub or shower is present within the unit and is inoperable (i.e., overall system is not meeting function or purpose, with or without visible damage) or standing water is present such that the inspector believes water is unable to drain.		meeting function mage) or standing
Inside:	Inside: Only 1 bathtub or shower is present within the Insit is inoperable or standing water is present such the inspector believes water is unable to drain.		esent such that the
H&S Deter	rmination:	Correction	Timeframe:
Unit:	Severe / Fail	Unit:	30 Days
Inside:	Low / Pass	Inside:	N/A

Deficiency 1	: Only 1 bathtub or shower is present and it is inoperable or does not drain.
More Inforn	nation:
•	 If a handle or knob is missing, but the inspector is able to evaluate if there is water supply to at least 1 bathtub or shower fixture, then evaluate the missing component(s) under Deficiency 3. If hot water does not dispense after the handle or knob is engaged, then it should be evaluated under the Water Heater standard.

Deficiency	2: A bathtub or she drain and at leas elsewhere that i	st 1 bathtub or s	ole or does not shower is present
Deficiency	^v Criteria:		
Unit:	A bathtub or shower is inoperable or standing water is present such that the inspector believes water is unable to drain and at least 1 bathtub or shower is present elsewhere within the Unit that is operational.		
Inside:	A bathtub or shower is inoperable or standing water is present such that the inspector believes water is unable to drain and at least 1 bathtub or shower is present elsewhere within the Inside that is operational.		
H&S Deter	rmination:	Correction	Timeframe:
Unit:	Moderate / Fail	Unit:	30 days
Inside:	Low / Pass	Inside:	N/A

Deficiency 2:	A bathtub or shower is inoperable or does not drain and at least 1 bathtub or shower is present elsewhere that is operational.
More Informa	tion:
·	If a handle or knob is missing, but the inspector is able to evaluate if there is water supply to at least 1 bathtub or shower fixture, then evaluate the missing component(s) under Deficiency 3. If hot water does not dispense after the handle or knob is engaged, then it should be evaluated under the Water Heater standard.

Deficiency	 Bathtub component damaged, inopera <u>limit</u> the resident's hygiene. 	ble, or missing	such that it <u>may</u>
Deficiency	Criteria:		
Unit & Inside:	may limit the resident's ab OR Bathtub component or sho may limit the resident's ab OR Bathtub component or sho	Bathtub component or shower component is inoperable such that it nay limit the resident's ability to maintain personal hygiene.	
H&S Det	ermination:	Correctior	n Timeframe:
Unit	: Moderate / Fail		30 days
Inside	: Low / Pass	Inside:	N/A

Deficiency 3:	Bathtub component or shower component is damaged, inoperable, or missing such that it <u>may</u> <u>limit</u> the resident's ability to maintain personal hygiene.
More Informa	tion:
Inside:	 Damaged, inoperable, or missing components that may limit the resident's ability to maintain personal hygiene may include but are not limited to: A singular water fixture within the bathtub or shower; Control knob or lever; Diverter valve; Shower pan or tub; or Discoloration impacting 50% or more of the bathtub or shower. If a stopper is damaged, inoperable, or missing, then it should be evaluated under Deficiency 4.

	Bathtub and Shower		
Deficiency	 A: Bathtub component or shower component is damaged, inoperable, or missing and it <u>does not</u> <u>limit</u> the resident's ability to maintain personal hygiene. 		
Deficiency	· Criteria:		
Unit:	Unit: Bathtub component or shower component is damaged and it does not limit the resident's ability to maintain personal hygiene. OR Bathtub component or shower component is inoperable and it does not limit the resident's ability to maintain personal hygiene. OR Bathtub component or shower component is missing and it does not limit the resident's ability to maintain personal hygiene.		

Deficiency Cr	iteria:		
Unit:	t: Bathtub component or shower component is damaged, and it does not limit the resident's ability to maintain personal hygiene. OR Bathtub component or shower component is inoperable, and it does not limit the resident's ability to maintain personal hygiene. OR Bathtub component or shower component is missing, and it does not limit the resident's ability to maintain personal hygiene.		
H&S Determi	nation:	Correction Timeframe:	
Unit:	Low / Pass	Unit: N/A	
More Inform	ation:		
Unit:	limit the resident's ab include but are not lir • Stopper (mechanic • Curtain; or	erable, or missing components that do not nt's ability to maintain personal hygiene may not limited to: chanical or non-mechanical); n impacting less than 50% of the bathtub or	

Bathtub and Shower				
Deficiency 5: Bathtub or shower cannot be used in private.				
Deficiency Criteria:				
Unit* & Inside:	Bathtub or shower can	not be used in private.		
H&S Deter	rmination:	Correction Timeframe:		
Unit & Inside:	Moderate / Fail	Unit & 30 days Inside:		
More Info	rmation:			
Unit & Inside:	 For the purpose of this Standard, the resident should be able to use the bathtub or shower without being observed from an adjacent area or exterior space. 			
* <u>AHR</u> : Unit				

















Cabinet and Storage

Definition:	A dedicated space for food, goods, or other items.
Common Components:	Door; Drawer; Hinge; Knob; Drawer guide or slide; Shelf; Case or box
More Information:	None
Information:	

Cabinet and Storage			
Deficiency 1: Food storage space is not present.			
Deficiency Unit*:	Criteria: Food storage space is	not present.	
H&S Deter Unit:	rmination: Moderate / Fail		n Timeframe: 30 days
More Info	rmation:		
Unit:	• The presence of col under the Refrigera	•	hould be evaluated
* <u>AHR</u> : Unit			

Cabinet and Storage		
Deficiency	2: Storage component is damaged, inoperable, or missing.	
Deficiency	Criteria:	
	 50% or more of the kitchen, bath, or laundry cabinet, drawers, or shelves are damaged. OR 50% or more of the kitchen, bath, or laundry cabinet, drawers, or shelves are inoperable. OR 50% or more of the kitchen, bath, or laundry cabinet, drawers, or shelves are missing. 	

Cabinet and Storage			
Deficiency	2: Storage componen missing.	t is damagec	l, inoperable, or
H&S Deter	rmination:	Correctior	Timeframe:
Unit:	Moderate / Fail	Unit:	30 days
Inside:	Low/ Pass	Inside:	N/A
More Info	rmation:		
 Unit & To calculate the percentage of components that are deficient, evaluate kitchen, bath, and laundry separately. Deficiencies are based on defects observed on individual components (e.g., doors, drawers, or shelves) as a percentage of the same component's total for all the storage components in the room. 			















Definition:A call system used by a resident to summon aid during a medical emergency.Common Components:Annunciator; Pull cord; Speaker; Lights; Alarm; FaceplateMore Information:For the purposes of this inspection, personal "wireless call-for-aid systems" typically worn around a resident's neck are not to be inspected.	Call-foi	r-Aid System
Components:Alarm; FaceplateMore Information:For the purposes of this inspection, personal "wireless call-for-aid systems" typically worn around a resident's neck are	Definition:	
Information: personal "wireless call-for-aid systems" typically worn around a resident's neck are		
		personal "wireless call-for-aid systems" typically worn around a resident's neck are



Deficiency	Call-for-Aic	_	
Deficiency	v Criteria:		
	A call-for-aid system does a signal to the annunciator OR The annunciator does not corresponding room. OR Pull cord is missing. OR Pull cord is tied up such th	r. indicate the	correct
H&S Deter	rmination:	Correctior	n Timeframe:
Unit & Inside:	Life-Threatening / Fail	Unit & Inside:	24 hours

Deficiency 2: System does not function properly.
More Information:
 Unit & If the property has third-party documentation of a callfor-aid inspection, then the inspector does not need to test call-for-aid stations. Instead, the inspector should: Verify that the documentation addresses all parts of the call-for-aid system. Verify that the third-party documentation is dated within the last 12 months of the inspection date. If the call-for-aid system is abandoned: Do not evaluate call-for-aid systems if all pull stations have been removed and all that remains are the indicator lights, audible indicators, or annunciator panel. The primary consideration is that no part of the user interface remains. If the call-for-aid system is a button-only device, then do not record a deficiency for a missing pull cord.















Carbon Monoxide Alarm

Definition: A single or multiple station alarm intended to detect carbon monoxide gas and alert occupants by a distinct audible signal, or if the unit is occupied by a person with a hearing impairment, a distinct visual alarm or combination of audible and visual alarms. It incorporates a sensor, control components and an alarm notification appliance in a single unit.

Carbor	n Monoxide Alarm
Common Components:	Sensor; power source / battery; casing; wiring; base; alarm / alarm circuit; strobe light; LCD panel / visual display; microprocessor; circuit board
More Information:	 This is not a replacement for a code inspection. All requirements of IFC Sections 915 and 1103 must be met, even though only the criteria listed herein will be inspected for in an NSPIRE inspection.













Carbon Monoxide Alarm			
Deficiency 1:	Carbon monoxide alarm is missing, not installed, or not installed in a proper location.		
Deficiency Cri	teria:		
Unit*:	 2. Bedroom or bathroom attached to bedroom: a. contains a fuel-burning appliance or fuel-burning fireplace. <u>OR</u> b. has adjacent spaces from which byproducts of combustion gases can flow. <u>AND</u> c. Carbon monoxide alarm is not installed in each bedroom. 		



Deficiency 1:	Carbon monoxide alarm is missing, not installed, or not installed in a proper location.
Deficiency Crit	eria:
Unit*: 3	 B. Unit or bedroom is served by a forced-air furnace that is located elsewhere and a carbon monoxide alarm is not installed: a. in the immediate vicinity of each bedroom. <u>OR</u> b. within each bedroom. <u>OR</u> c. within the room or area with the first duct register and the carbon monoxide alarm signals are automatically transmitted to an approved location.



Deficiency 1:	Carbon monoxide alarm is missing, not installed, or not installed in a proper location.
Deficiency Cri	teria:
Unit*:	 4. Unit or bedroom is located in a building that contains a fuel-burning appliance or fuel-burning fireplace and: a. a carbon monoxide alarm is not installed in an approved location between the fuel-burning appliance or fuel-burning fireplace and the Unit or bedroom. OR
C	arbon Monoxide Alarm
---------------------	--
Deficiency 1	: Carbon monoxide alarm is missing, not installed, or not installed in a proper location.
Deficiency C	riteria:
Unit*:	 b. a carbon monoxide alarm is not installed on the ceiling of the room containing the fuel-burning appliance or fuel-burning fireplace. <u>OR</u> c. the Unit or bedroom has communicated openings to the fuel-burning appliance or fuel-burning fireplace and a carbon monoxide alarm is not installed: i. in the immediate vicinity of each bedroom. OR
* <u>AHR</u> : Unit	ii. within each bedroom.







Deficiency	1: Carbon monoxide alarm is missing, not installed, or not installed in a proper location.
Deficiency	Criteria:
Unit*:	 5. Unit or bedroom is located one (1) story or less above or below an attached private garage that: does not have natural ventilation. <u>OR</u> ii. is enclosed and does not have a ventilation system for vehicle exhaust. <u>AND</u> iii. Carbon monoxide alarm is not installed: in the immediate vicinity of each bedroom. <u>OR</u> within each bedroom.
* <u>AHR</u> : Unit	

Deficiency	 1: Carbon monoxid or not installed i 		ing, not installed, tion.
H&S Detei	rmination:	Correction	Timeframe:
Unit:	Life-Threatening / Fail	Unit:	24 hours
More Info	rmation:		
Unit:	• None		









Ceiling	
Definition:	The upper interior surface of a room that provides separation between rooms, spaces, and floors.
Common Components:	Joists; Noggins or struts; Lateral restraints; Insulation; Ceiling board; Coving; Grid system
More Information:	For the purpose of this inspection, lofted ceilings are evaluated under this standard.

Deficiency	1: Ceiling has an uns	table surface.	
Deficiency	Criteria:		
Unit & Inside:	Ceiling has an unstable OR There is cracking or sma on the ceiling (which ar may be pulling away fro	all circles or blis e a sign the pla	sterboard sheeting
H&S Deter	rmination:	Correction	n Timeframe:
Unit & Inside:	Moderate / Fail	Unit & Inside:	30 days
More Info	rmation:		
Unit & Inside:		ould reference	other standards for





		Ce	iliı	ng	
Deficiency	3:	Ceiling compone adequate.	ent(s	s) is not fun	ctionally
Deficiency	Crit	teria:			
Unit & Inside:	allo spa	ing component(s) is w ceiling to enclose ce, create enclosure trol the diffusion of l	a roo of ar	m, protect sh	between spaces,
H&S Deter	min	ation:		Correctior	Timeframe:
Unit & Inside:	Sev	ere / Fail		Unit & Inside:	30 Days
More Info	rma	tion:			
Unit & Inside:	• [lone			











Chimn	еу
Definition:	A vertical or near vertical passageway connected to a fireplace or wood-burning appliance.
Common Components:	Visible flue; Firebox; Brick; Concrete; Masonry block; Wood Framing; Clay; Natural Stone

 More Ventilation of combustion gases from fuel-burning appliances should be evaluated under the respective item's standard (e.g., HVAC, Water Heater) A ventless fireplace should not be evaluated under this standard 	Chimney		
evaluated under this standard.		fuel-burning appliances should be evaluated under the respective item's standard (e.g., HVAC, Water Heater)	

r				
Deficiency	to a firepla damaged s	ce or wood-b uch that it m	ourning applia ay not safely	r firebox connected ance is incomplete or contain fire and to the exterior.
Deficiency	Criteria:			
Inside, &	fireplace or woo may not safely of gases to the ext OR A visually access fireplace or woo	od-burning a contain fire a erior. sible chimne od-burning a contain fire a	ppliance is ind nd convey sm y, flue, or fire ppliance is da	box connected to a complete such that it noke and combustion box connected to a imaged such that it noke and combustion
H&S Determi	nation:		Correction Ti	meframe:
Unit, Inside, & Outside:	Life-Threatening ,	/ Fail	Unit, Inside, & Outside:	24 hours

Deficiency	1: A visually accessible chimney, flue, or firebox connected to a fireplace or wood-burning appliance is incomplete or damaged such that it may not safely contain fire and convey smoke and combustion gases to the exterior.
More Informa	ation:
Unit, Inside, & Outside:	 For the purpose of this inspection, the ash cleanout should be considered as part of the firebox and therefore evaluated under this deficiency. For the purpose of this inspection, the inspector should not go on the roof to evaluate the chimney. If a fireplace is intentionally decommissioned, then do not evaluate it under this deficiency. Examples of conditions that should be evaluated under this deficiency include, but are not limited to: Holes. Bricks that are damaged, missing, or cracked such that smoke or combustion gases may not vent as intended. Failed lining (e.g., creosote leaching through brick).

	Chin	nney	
Deficiency	2: Chimney exhibits	signs of struct	tural failure.
Deficiency	criteria:		
Outside:	The chimney exhibits sig the integrity of the chim	•	
H&S Deter	mination:	Correction	n Timeframe:
Outside:	Life-Threatening / Fail	Outside:	24 hours
More Info	rmation:		
Outside:	 Examples of chimney not limited to: Misaligned Detached Leaning away from the building 	• Col • Imi	Ire include, but are lapsed minent danger of lapse





Clothes	Dryer Exhaust Ventilation
Definition:	The system connected to the clothes dryer vent outlet that exhausts air from the dryer blower to a designated area.
Common Components:	Transition duct; Metal or aluminum ductwork; External louvered vent and cover; Water reservoir

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Clothes	Dryer Exhaust Ventilation
More Information:	 Use of a dryer vent lint trap box with water reservoir is allowed on electric dryers only and the reservoir must be filled with water. Listed and labeled condensing (ductless) dryers are exempt. If the dryer is not positioned for use (e.g., disconnected and removed from electrical and ducting connection points), then do not evaluate under this standard.







Deficiency	3: Electric dryer ex restricted airflow		st ventilatio	on system has
Deficiency	Criteria:			
	Electric dryer exhaust damaged such that air		•	
H&S Deter	mination:		Correction	Timeframe:
Unit & Inside, & Outside:	Life-Threatening / Fail		Unit, Inside, & Outside:	24 hours
More Info	rmation:			
Unit, Inside, & Outside:	attached to the duo	ct line	e are conside	ckings, t-shirts, etc.) ered a blockage and



Deficiency	5: Dryer transition du material.	ct is constru	cted of unsuitable
Deficiency	Criteria:		
	Dryer transition duct is no approved material.	ot constructe	d of metal or an
H&S Deter	mination:	Correction	Timeframe:
Unit & Inside:	Life-Threatening / Fail	Unit & Inside:	24 hours
More Info	rmation:		
Unit & Inside:	• None		











Cookin	g Appliance
Definition:	 <u>Cooking range</u>: An electric or gas stove with several burners and one or more connected ovens. <u>Cooktop</u>: Usually a standalone device that may be built into a counter and has one or more electric or gas burners.
	 <u>Oven</u>: A thermally insulated chamber used for cooking, heating, and baking food. <u>Microwave</u>: A small oven that heats food with electromagnetic radiation.

Cookin	g Appliance	
Common Components:	Electrical or gas oven; Stove; Baking or burner elements; Grates; Racks; Knobs; Ignition system; Convection fan; Door hinges; Seal; Handles; Lights and light fixture in oven; Drip pan; Glass	
More Information:	• None	

Deficiency	 Cooking range, co produce heat. 	oktop, or oven does not ignite or
Deficiency	Criteria:	
Unit & Inside:		ng range or cooktop produces heat. uce heat temperature.
H&S Deteri	mination:	Correction Timeframe:
Unit:	Severe / Fail	Unit: 30 Days
Inside:	Low / Pass	Inside: N/A
More Infor	mation:	
Unit & Inside:	this is not required.The POA should not attIf a burner does not pro-	o light the pilot light if it is out; however, empt to directly light the burner. oduce heat, but at least 1 other burner is range or cooktop and does produce heat, ficiency 5.

Deficiency	2: Cooking range, cooktop, or oven component is damaged or missing such that the device is unsafe for use.
Deficiency	Criteria:
	Cooking range, cooktop, or oven component is damaged (i.e., visibly defective) such that the device is unsafe for use. OR
	Cooking range, cooktop, or oven component is missing (i.e., evidence of prior installation, but now not present or is incomplete) such that the device is unsafe for use.

	Cooking	A	pplian	се
Deficiency	2: Cooking range, o damaged or mis for use.			n component is he device is unsafe
H&S Deter	mination:		Correctior	n Timeframe:
Unit & Inside:	Moderate / Fail	-	Unit & Inside:	30 days
More Info	rmation:			
Unit & Inside:	e e	•	•	
	 Baking or burner elements Grates Knobs 	•	lgnition system Door hinges Seal Handles	 Drip pan Glass Broiler / warming drawer



Deficiency	4: A microwav and it is dar		ooking appliance
Deficiency	· Criteria:		
		e primary cooking a bly defective; impa	• •
H&S Deter	rmination:	Correctio	n Timeframe:
Unit:	Severe / Fail	Unit	: 30 Days
More Info	rmation:		















Door –	Entry
Definition:	A door that provides a means of access to the Unit from the Inside or Outside. OR A door that provides a means of access to the Inside from the Outside.
Common Components:	Door frame; Door slab; Door hardware; Door lock; Door security devices

Door –	Entry
More Information:	Look at the edges of the entry door and the jamb or frame for a fire label. If the label is present, then the door should be evaluated under the Door – Fire Labeled standard.

)eficiency	1: Entry door will not		
	Entry door will not open.		
1&S Deter	mination:	Correction	Timeframe:
Unit & Inside:	Moderate / Fail	Unit & Inside:	30 days



Deficiency		Entry door self-closing mechanism is damaged, inoperable, or missing.				
Deficiency Criteria:						
	nit & The self-closing mechanism is damaged (i.e., visibly defective; impacts functionality). OR The self-closing mechanism does not pull the door closed and engage the latch. OR The self-closing mechanism is missing (i.e., evidence of prior installation, but now not present or is incomplete).					
H&S Deteri	H&S Determination: Correction Timeframe:					
Unit & Inside:	Moderate / Fail	Unit & Inside:	30 days			
More Information:						
Unit & If the entry door does not have a self-closing device, evaluat latch under the applicable deficiency within this standard.						



Door - Entry					
Deficiency 5: Hole, split, or crack that penetrates completely through entry door.					
Deficiency Criteria:					
Unit & A hole ¼ inch or greater in diameter that penetrates all the way through the door. OR A split or crack ¼ inch or greater in width that penetrates all the way through the door. OR A hole or a crack with separation is present, or the glass is missing within the door, side lites, or transom.					
H&S Determination:		Correction	Timeframe:		
Unit & Inside:	Moderate / Fail	Unit & Inside:	30 days		

Deficiency	5: Hole, split, or crack that penetrates completely through entry door.
Nore Info	rmation:
Unit & Inside:	 If there is broken glass with sharp edges evaluate it under the Sharp Edges standard. If a hole is the result of a missing lock, record under the applicable defect within this standard. Any prior hole, split, or crack to the entry door must be repaired using equivalent materials.

Deficiency 6: Entry door is missing.				
Deficiency Criteria:				
Unit & The entry door is missing (i.e., evidence of prior Inside: installation, but now not present or is incomplete).				
H&S Determination: Correction Timeframe:			Timeframe:	
Unit:	Life-Threatening / Fail	Unit:	24 hours	
Inside:	Severe / Fail	Inside:	30 Days	

Door – Entry				
Deficiency 7: Entry door surface is delaminated or separated.				
Deficiency Criteria:				
Unit & There is delamination or separation of the door surface 2 Inside: inches wide or greater. OR There is delamination or separation that affects the integrity of the door (i.e., surface protection or the strength of the door).				
H&S Detei	mination:	Correction	Timeframe:	
	Moderate / Fail	Unit &	30 days	

Door – Entry					
Deficiency 8: Entry door frame, threshold, or trim is damaged or missing.					
Deficiency	Cri	teria:			
Unit & The entry door frame, threshold, or trim is damaged (i.e., visibly defective; impacts functionality). OR The entry door frame, threshold, or trim is missing (i.e., evidence of prior installation, but now not present or is incomplete).					
H&S Deter	mir	nation:		Correction	Timeframe:
Unit & Inside:	Mc	derate / Fail	-	Unit & Inside:	30 days

Deficiency	9: Entry door seal, gasket, or stripping is damaged, inoperable, or missing.
Deficiency	Criteria:
	 The entry door seal, gasket, or stripping is damaged, inoperable, or missing. AND ONE OF THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS: Condition 1: <u>General door type</u>: Results in a gap of ¼-inch wide or greater between the door slab and the stop molding on the jamb or the jamb itself, or between the bottom of the door and the threshold or floor AND permits light around the closed door.
	 <u>Special door type</u>: Results in a gap of ¼-inch wide or greater around or under the door or where the doors meet AND permits light around the closed door or where the doors meet.

Door – Entry				
Deficiency 9: Entry door seal, gasket, or stripping is damaged, inoperable, or missing.				
Deficiency Criteria:				
 Unit & Condition 2: General door type: There is evidence of water penetrating (e.g., water damage or dry rot) around or under the door. Special door type: There is evidence of water penetrating (e.g., water damage or dry rot) around or under the door or where the doors meet. 				
H&S Determination:	Correction Timeframe:			
Unit & Moderate / Fail Inside:	Unit & 30 days Inside:			

Deficiency 9: Entry door seal, gasket, or stripping is damaged, inoperable, or missing.
More Information:
 Unit & This deficiency includes both manufacturer-installed and aftermarket seal, gasket, or stripping. Entry doors designed without a seal, gasket, or stripping are not considered a deficiency. To determine this, use a mirror to look at the top, sides, and bottom of the door and the top and sides of the jamb for evidence that a seal, gasket, or stripping was ever present. For example, there is a gap less than ¼-inch permitting light under an entry door, but no evidence of water penetration. Using touch or a mirror, it is determined that the door was designed without a seal or a threshold. In this case, there is not a deficiency. However, if there is evidence of water penetration, then it would be considered a deficiency.

Deficiency	10: Entry door component is damaged, inoperable, or missing and it does not limit the door's ability to provide privacy or protection from weather or infestation.
Deficiency	Criteria:
Unit & Inside:	Entry door component is damaged (i.e., visibly defective) and it does not limit the door's ability to provide privacy or protection from weather or infestation. OR Entry door component is inoperable (i.e., component not meeting function or purpose; with or without visible damage) and it does not limit the door's ability to provide privacy or protection from weather or infestation. OR Entry door component is missing (i.e., evidence of prior installation, but it is now not present or is incomplete) and it does not limit the door's ability to provide privacy or protection from weather or infestation

Deficiency 10:	Entry door compone missing and it does r provide privacy or pr infestation.	ot limit the d	loor's ability to			
H&S Determina	tion:	Correction	Timeframe:			
Unit & Low Inside:	/ Pass	Unit & Inside:	N/A			
More Information	More Information:					
 Unit & Examples may include, but are not limited to: Inside: Insulated glass with a compromised seal; Auxiliary (i.e., additional) installed lock; Installed security device; Strike plate or latch assembly; Weather stripping on an entry door that provides access to the Unit from the Inside (e.g., hallway); or Casing or decorative trim. 						


















Door – Fire Labeled Definition: A door with a fire-resistant rating (i.e. the time within which materials or

Demition	the time within which materials or assemblies have withstood fire exposure).
Common Components:	Door; Frame; Fire or smoke seals; Gaskets; Weather stripping; Hinges; Handles; Latching mechanism; Automatic closing devices; Vision panels

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Door –	Fire Labeled
More Information:	 If a trash chute has a fire labeled door, then it should be evaluated under the Trash Chute standard. If a non-sampled unit's entry door that is fire labeled is observed to have one of the deficiencies listed, then evaluate the deficiency as part of the Inside area.



More Information

 The fire label or plug may be located on the edge of the door slab between the middle and top hinge or on the top and hinge side of the jamb or frame

More Information

- Unit:
 - If a Unit entry door or stairwell door will not open, and at least one (1) other Unit entry door or stairwell door along the same egress path has a fire label, then the inspector should treat the unopenable door as a fire labeled door.

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Deficiency 2	 Fire labeled door of self-closing hardw that the door does 	are is damaged	d or missing such
Deficiency (Criteria:		
Inside: a	Fire labeled door does n and latch. DR Fire labeled door self-clo visibly defective; impact evidence of prior installa ncomplete) such that th door seats in frame) and	osing hardware i s functionality) ation, but is now ne door does no	s damaged (i.e., or missing (i.e., v not present or is
H&S Deter	mination:	Correction	Timeframe:
Unit & Inside:	Severe / Fail	Unit & Inside:	30 Days

Deficiency :		assembly has a hole of any size or is t its integrity may be compromised.
Deficiency	Criteria:	
	A fire labeled door assem impacts functionality) suc compromised. OR	nbly has a hole of any size. OR nbly is damaged (i.e., visibly defective; ch that its integrity may be has rust that affects the integrity of the ng glass.
H&S Deterr	mination:	Correction Timeframe:
Unit & Inside:	Severe / Fail	Unit & 30 Days Inside:

Deficiency	73: Fire labeled door assembly has a hole of any size or is damaged such that its integrity may be compromised.
More Info	rmation:
Unit & Inside:	 Door assembly components may include, but are not limited to:
	FrameHardwareGlazing
	 Examples of damage that may compromise the integrity of a fire labeled door assembly may include, but are not limited to: Glass that is cracked or not secure Missing or removed hardware resulting in a hole Repaired doors are acceptable with manufacturer documentation
	documentation.

	Door – Fi	re Labe	led
Deficiency	4: Fire labeled door missing.	r seal or gasket	is damaged or
Deficiency	Criteria:		
	A fire labeled door sea defective; impacts fund OR A fire labeled door sea of prior installation, but incomplete).	ctionality). I or gasket is mis	ssing (i.e., evidence
H&S Deter	rmination:	Correction	Timeframe:
Unit & Inside:	Severe / Fail	Unit & Inside:	30 Days



	Door – Fire Labeled
Deficiency	5: An object is present that may prevent the fire labeled door from closing and latching or self- closing and latching.
More Info	rmation:
Unit & Inside:	 Objects that may prevent a fire labeled door from closing and latching or self-closing and latching may include, but are not limited to:
	 Wood wedge Kick-down door stop Trash can Furniture Furniture Furniture Rubber band
	 Doors shall not be held open by devices other than those that release when the door is pushed or pulled. "Push or pull" release devices to hold a door open can be either electromagnetic or of the friction-fit type integral to the door closer.

	Door – Fire	e Labe	led
Deficiency	6: Fire labeled door ca	nnot be sec	ured.
Deficiency	Criteria:		
	Fire labeled door cannot k controlled) by at least 1 in	•	e., access
H&S Deter	mination:	Correction	Timeframe:
Unit:	Severe / Fail	Unit:	30 Days
Inside:	Moderate / Fail	Inside:	30 days
More Info	rmation:		
Unit & Inside:	 Acceptable forms of ins can be engaged from be can be engaged with a 	oth sides and	I the exterior side













Door – General

Definition:	Panel that provides an opening in a building or room and provides separation (i.e., closes an opening).
Common Components:	Frame; Sill; Jamb; Handle; Door sweep; Lock set; Threshold; Hinge; Casing
More Information:	Privacy within a bathroom should be evaluated under the Toilet standard and Bathtub and Shower standard, respectively.

	Door – General		
Deficiency	Deficiency 1: A passage door does not open.		
More Info	rmation:		
Unit:	 A passage door is a door between rooms, door into a walk-in closet, or door into a utility room, storage room, or room that contains washers and dryers. A passage door that is not intended to permit access between rooms (e.g., pantry door, closet door) should be evaluated under Deficiency 3. Look at the edges of the door and the jamb or frame for a fire label. If the label is present, then the door should be evaluated under the Door – Fire Labeled standard. If the door provides a means of access to the Unit from the Inside or Outside, then it should be evaluated under the Door – Entry standard. 		

Deficiency	/ Criteria:			
	A passage door does not open such that it may limit the resident's ability to move freely between rooms.			
H&S Dete	rmination:	Correc	ction	Timeframe:
Unit & Inside:	Moderate / Fail		it & ide:	30 days
More Info	rmation:			
Unit & Inside:	 A passage door that between rooms (e.g be evaluated under If the door provides the Inside or Outsid the Door – Entry sta 	g., pantry do Deficiency 3 a means of le, then it sh	or, cl 3. acce	loset door) should ess to the Unit from



Deficiency	 A passage door component is damaged, inoperable, or missing and the door is not functionally adequate.
More Infor	mation:
Unit & Inside:	 A passage door that is not intended to permit access between rooms (e.g., pantry door, closet door) should be evaluated under Deficiency 3. If the door provides a means of access to the Unit from the Inside or Outside, then it should be evaluated under the Door – Entry standard.



- c· ·	
Deficiency	 A door that is not intended to permit access between rooms has a damaged, inoperable, or missing component.
More Info	rmation:
Unit:	 A door that is not intended to permit access between rooms may include, but is not limited to: pantry door; and closet door. A passage door that is intended to permit access between rooms (e.g., bedroom door, laundry room door) should be evaluated under Deficiency 2.

		Door –	- Ge	enera	
Deficiency	4:	An exterior doo inoperable, or n			damaged,
Deficiency	Crit	teria:			
Outside:	def cor wit	exterior door com ective; impacts fur nponent is not me hout visible damag tallation, but is nov	nctiona eting f ge), or	ality), inope function or missing (i.e	erable (i.e., purpose, with or e., evidence of prio
H&S Deter	mir	nation:		Correction	Timeframe:
Outside:	Mo	derate / Fail		Outside:	30 days

Deficiency	 4: An exterior door component is damaged, inoperable, or missing.
Aore Info	rmation:
Outside:	 If the door provides a means of access to the Unit from the Inside or Outside, then it should be evaluated under the Door – Entry standard. If the door provides a means of access to the Inside from the Outside, then it should be evaluated under the Door – Entry standard.







Definition:An opening in the floor that drains water into the plumbing system.Common Components:Strainer; Grate or cover; Trap; Trap sealMore Information:Only floor drains and condensate drains should be evaluated under this Standard.	Drain	
Components:More Information:Only floor drains and condensate drains should be evaluated under this	Definition:	
Information: should be evaluated under this		Strainer; Grate or cover; Trap; Trap seal
		should be evaluated under this

Deficiency	Criteria:		
Inside, &	Standing water is preser drain is blocked such tha would be unable to drain	at the inspecto	
H&S Deter	mination:	Correction	Timeframe:
Unit, Inside, & Outside:	Moderate / Fail	Unit, Inside, & Outside:	30 days
More Info	rmation:		
Unit, Inside, & Outside:	 This deficiency applie sanitary drainage syst 		s attached to the





Egress	
Definition:	A safe, continuous, and unobstructed path of travel from any point in the building, unit, or structure to the public way.
Common Components:	Door; Window; Escape ladder; Fire escape; Stairwell
More Information:	Related standards: Door – Entry; Door – General; Window; Stairs; Fire Escape; and Sidewalk, Walkway, and Ramp



	Egi	ress	
Deficiency	1: Obstructed mear	ns of egress.	
Deficiency	· Criteria:		
Unit & Inside:	The exit access or exit i	is obstructed.	
Outside:	The exit discharge is ob	ostructed.	
H&S Deter	mination:	Correction	Timeframe:
Unit, Inside, & Outside:	Life-Threatening / Fail	Unit, Inside, & Outside:	24 hours
			nn

More Info	1: Obstructed means of egress. rmation:
	 The following are examples of conditions on doors that may obstruct means of egress: Double key cylinder deadbolt locks or any lock that requires a key, a tool, or special knowledge or effort to operate (from the egress side) are not allowed on any door that serves as an exit or any door along the exit access. Double key cylinder lock on a bedroom door. When fixed security bars are present that cover a door that is the designated means of egress from the building. Any lock on movable security bars for doors requiring a key (special tool) to open, whether locked or unlocked at the time of inspection. Placement of an item or furniture that obstructs a means of egress.

More Info	rmation:
Inside:	 The following are examples of conditions on doors that may obstruct means of egress: Double key cylinder deadbolt locks or any lock that requires a key, a tool, or special knowledge or effort to operate (from the egress side) are not allowed on any door that serves as an exit or any door along the exit access. When fixed security bars are present that cover a door that is the designated means of egress from the building. Any lock on movable security bars for doors requiring a key (special tool) to open, whether locked or unlocked at the time of inspection. Placement of an item or furniture that obstructs a means of egress.





 Deficiency 2: Sleeping room is located on the 3rd floor or below and has an obstructed rescue opening. More Information: Unit: If there is a fire escape adjacent to the rescue opening, then evaluate under Deficiency 3. Resident-owned property should not be evaluated as an obstruction to the rescue opening. The following are examples of conditions that may obstruct a rescue opening: Window locks that require a key, a tool, or special knowledge or effort to operate (from the interior). When fixed security bars are present that cover a window that is the designated rescue opening from the building. Any lock on movable security bars for windows requiring a key (special tool) to open, whether locked or unlocked at the time of inspection. Placement of an item or furniture that is not resident owned and obstructs a rescue opening. 		
 Unit: If there is a fire escape adjacent to the rescue opening, then evaluate under Deficiency 3. Resident-owned property should not be evaluated as an obstruction to the rescue opening. The following are examples of conditions that may obstruct a rescue opening: Window locks that require a key, a tool, or special knowledge or effort to operate (from the interior). When fixed security bars are present that cover a window that is the designated rescue opening from the building. Any lock on movable security bars for windows requiring a key (special tool) to open, whether locked or unlocked at the time of inspection. Placement of an item or furniture that is not resident owned and obstructs a rescue opening. 	Deficiency 2:	
 evaluate under Deficiency 3. Resident-owned property should not be evaluated as an obstruction to the rescue opening. The following are examples of conditions that may obstruct a rescue opening: Window locks that require a key, a tool, or special knowledge or effort to operate (from the interior). When fixed security bars are present that cover a window that is the designated rescue opening from the building. Any lock on movable security bars for windows requiring a key (special tool) to open, whether locked or unlocked at the time of inspection. Placement of an item or furniture that is not resident owned and obstructs a rescue opening. 	More Informa	ation:
	Unit:	 evaluate under Deficiency 3. Resident-owned property should not be evaluated as an obstruction to the rescue opening. The following are examples of conditions that may obstruct a rescue opening: Window locks that require a key, a tool, or special knowledge or effort to operate (from the interior). When fixed security bars are present that cover a window that is the designated rescue opening from the building. Any lock on movable security bars for windows requiring a key (special tool) to open, whether locked or unlocked at the time of inspection. Placement of an item or furniture that is not resident owned and obstructs a rescue opening.



	 Fire escape access is obstructed.
More Info	rmation:
Unit:	 Resident-owned property should not be evaluated as an obstruction to the fire escape access. The following are examples of conditions on windows that may obstruct fire escape access: Window locks that require a key, a tool, or special knowledge or effort to operate (from the interior). When fixed security bars are present that cover a window that provides fire escape access. Any lock on movable security bars for windows requiring a key (special tool) to open, whether locked or unlocked at the time of inspection. Placement of an item or furniture that is not resident owned and obstructs fire escape access. A permanently installed window-mounted air conditioner.













Electric and Swi	al – Conductor, Outlet, tch
Definition:	 <u>Conductor</u>: An object or type of material that carries electrical current. <u>Outlet and Switch</u>: Installations that connect to an electricity supply.
Common Components:	Receptacle; Outlet; Faceplate; Wire; Electrical conductor; Busbar; Terminal; Wire connection; Cables; Junction box; Wire nut

Electrical – Conductor, Outlet, and Switch

More Information:	Low voltage wiring (e.g., telephone, doorbell, thermostat) is excluded from this standard.



	cal – Conductor, Outlet, and Switch (1: Outlet or switch is damaged.
More Info	rmation:
Unit, Inside, & Outside:	 An electrical conductor that is not enclosed or properly insulated should be evaluated under Deficiency 4 of this standard. An outlet that is inoperable but does not have visible damage should be evaluated under Deficiency 3 of this standard. A switch that is inoperable but does not have visible damage and corresponds to a hard-wired fixture or appliance should be evaluated under the respective item's standard. Examples include, but are not limited to:
	 Cooking Lighting – Appliance Exterior Garage Door Lighting – Lighting – Interior Auxiliary Lighting – Sharp Edges Ventilation Water Heater

lectric	al – Cono	ductor,	Outlet	t, and Switc
Deficiency	2: Testing inc properly w	licates a thi vired or gro		ed outlet is not
Deficiency	[,] Criteria:			
Inside, &	 Unit, Testing of a three-pronged outlet that is reasonably accessible (i.e., can be reached without moving obstructions, dismantling, destructive measures, or actions that may pose a risk to persons or property) indicates that it is not properly wired or grounded. 			
H&S Deter	mination:		Correction	Timeframe:
Unit, Inside, & Outside:	Severe / Fail		Unit, Inside, & Outside:	30 Days

Electrical – Conductor, Outlet, and Switch

Deficiency 2: Testing indicates a three-pronged outlet is not properly wired or grounded.

More Information: Unit, • A three-pronged, ungrounded outlet that is GFCI-protected is not considered a deficiency. Outside: • An outlet that is not energized and does not have visible damage should be evaluated under Deficiency 3 of this standard.



Electrical – Conductor, Outlet, and Switch Deficiency 4: Exposed electrical conductor.				
Deficiency				
Unit,Electrical conductor is not enclosed or properly insulated (e.g., damaged or missing sheathing that exposes the insulated wiring or conductor, open port, missing knockout, missing outlet or switch cover, or missing 				
H&S Deter	rmination:		Correction	Timeframe:
Unit,	Life-Threatening /		Unit,	24 hours
Inside, &	Fail		Inside, &	
Outside:			Outside:	

Deficiency 4	4: Exposed electrical conductor.
Deficiency 4 More Inform Unit, Inside, & Outside:	 If improper material is used to insulate the conductor or fill an unintentional gap, then it should be evaluated under this deficiency. Example conductors to be evaluated under this deficiency include but are not limited to: Knockouts Device cover plates that are missing (i.e., evidence of prior installation, but now are not present or are incomplete)
	 Device cover plates that are damaged (i.e., visibly defective; impacts functionality) Lighting fixtures Visible wire nuts on electrical conductors Wiring that is insulated but not protected by sheathing or conduit Hardwire smoke alarm with an exposed conductor Wall-mounted light fixture with a damaged or missing cover

Electrical – Conductor, Outlet, and Switch Deficiency 4: Exposed electrical conductor.
More Information:
 Unit, Inside, & Outside: Example conductors that should not be evaluated under this deficiency include but are not limited to: Low voltage wiring (e.g., telephone, doorbell, thermostat) A device designed by the manufacturer to intentionally have a gap or space to support ventilation Light fixture wiring that is exposed by design Ceiling-mounted light fixture with a damaged or missing cover
nmo



Electric	Electrical – Conductor, Outlet, and Switch				
Deficiency	5: Water is current conductor.	ly in contact wi	th an electrical		
Deficiency	· Criteria:				
Unit & Inside:	Water is currently in c	ontact with an e	lectrical conductor.		
H&S Deter	mination:	Correction	n Timeframe:		
Unit & Inside:	Life-Threatening / Fail	Unit & Inside:	24 hours		
More Info	rmation:				
Unit & Inside:	• None				

Electrical – GFCI or AFCI – Outlet or Breaker				
Definition:	Electrical protection devices			
Common Components:	Receptacle or outlet; Faceplate; Test and reset buttons; Circuit breaker			
More Information:	None			
























Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI)

- A device that offers protection against ground fault or leakage current
- It pops off & breaks the supply when it senses any leakage current flowing out from the circuit



Arc Fault Circuit Interrupter (AFCI)

- A discharge of a very high power between two or more than two conductors
- The arc is generated due to lose cable joints or damage in a flexible cable due to twisting or exposure to heat.







Electrical – GFCI or AFCI – Outlet or Breaker				
Deficiency		GFCI breaker is n r reset button is i	ot visibly damaged noperable.	
Deficiency	v Criteria:			
	GFCI outlet or GFCI breaker does not have visible damage and the test or reset button is inoperable (i.e., overall system or component thereof is not meeting function or purpose).			
	system or compone			
	system or compone purpose).	nt thereof is not m		

Electrical – GFCI or AFCI – Outlet or Breaker				
Deficiency	1: GFCI outlet or GFCI breaker is not visibly damaged and the test or reset button is inoperable.			
More Infor	mation:			
Inside, &	 Some outlets are wired in series and may have one GFCI that provides protection to the entire series. A GFCI outlet or GFCI breaker test or reset button that is missing and results in an exposed conductor should be evaluated under the Electrical – Conductor, Outlet, and Switch standard. An acceptable industry standard tester may be used in place of the test and reset buttons if it meets all requirements of Underwriters Lab Standard 1436 for Outlet Circuit Testers. 			

Deficiency	2: AFCI outlet or AFC and the test or re		, .			
Deficiency	Deficiency Criteria:					
Inside, &	 Unit, AFCI outlet or AFCI breaker does not have visible damage nside, & and the test or reset button is inoperable (i.e., overall System or component thereof is not meeting function or purpose). 					
H&S Deterr	H&S Determination: Correction Timeframe:					
Unit, Inside, & Outside:	Severe / Fail	Unit, Inside, & Outside:	30 Days			
More Info	More Information:					
Unit, Inside, & Outside:	C i					



	Electrical – GFCI or AFCI – Outlet or Breaker				
Deficiency	3: An unprotected outlet is present within six feet of a water source.				
More Info	More Information:				
Unit & Inside: * <u>AHR</u> : UNIT, INSIDE, & OUTS	 Outlet protection methods include GFCI outlet, GFCI breaker, or an outlet wired in series that is protected by another GFCI outlet. An outlet dedicated to a major appliance (e.g., water heater, HVAC, refrigerator, washing machine, dishwasher, garbage disposal, appliance that is wall-mounted or installed within a cabinet, etc.) should not be evaluated under this standard, regardless of its distance from the water source. A dedicated outlet is a receptacle outlet that is only capable of serving that specific appliance. 				













